

Remotely Connected Electric Field Generator

for Particle Separation in a Fluid

Team May1612

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design

Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design

Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design

Implementation

Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components

Software Components

Current State

Questions

Timothy Dee,
Justin Long,
Brandon McDonnell

Iowa State University

Dielectrophoresis (DEP)

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

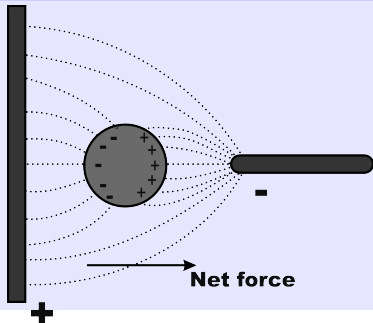
Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

- A dielectric particle in a non uniform electric field experiences a force
- Different potential fields and frequencies has an effect on the net force
- First studied in 1950s by Herbert Pohl



Real World Application

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

Dielectrophoresis

- Recently revived due to the ability to manipulate micro-particles and cells.
- Potential to separate particles in spinal fluid
- Act as filter
- Research in separating cancerous cells from healthy cells
- Separate platelets from whole blood
- Separate red and white blood cells
- Separate Strains of bacteria and viruses from living cells

Project Description

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

- A system to aid in of DEP research
- Allow for quicker setup times
- Control Voltage and Frequency via the web
 - 1 to 60 VPP
 - 10k to 1Mhz
- Hold output for long time periods
- Small Form Factor
- Easy to use
- Plug and play

Project Structure

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

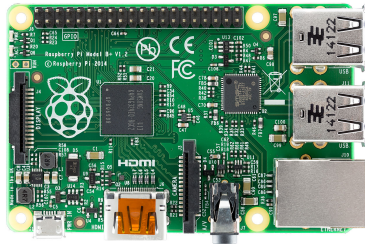
Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

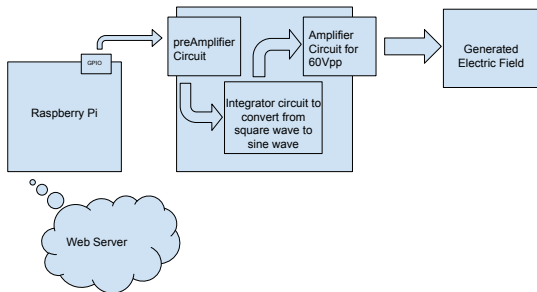
Questions

- Raspberry Pi
- Web Interface
- Web Server
- Frequency Control Solution
- Voltage Control Solution



Initial Implementation

- Raspberry Pi
 - Host web server
 - Remote manipulation of circuit output
 - Web interface can provide additional functionality
 - GPIO pins input to circuit
- Circuit Output
 - Frequency generated by GPIO pin
 - GPIO waveform integrated to get sine wave
 - Sine wave amplified to form output



Concerns

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design

Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design

Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design

Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

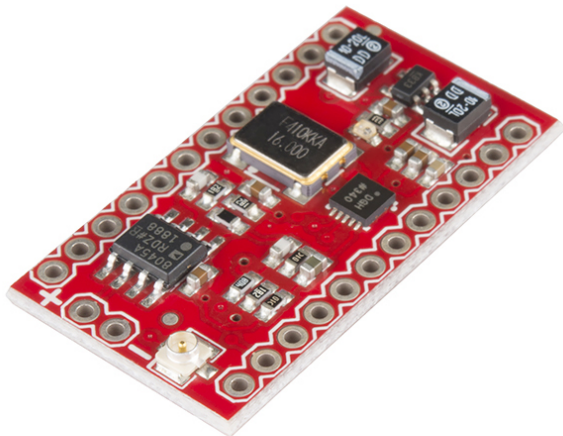
Current State

Questions

- Raspberry Pi
 - Complexity of programming
 - GPIO pins may only be turned on and off
 - On-off mechanism must be used to generate waveform
 - Current load
- Circuit Output
 - Complexity of construction
 - No guarantees about cleanliness of GPIO pin waveform
 - High risk of failure

Minigen Function Generator

- SPI communications
- Small form factor
- Output programmable frequency
- Produces 1 KHz to 4 Mhz waveforms



Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

Intermediate Design

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

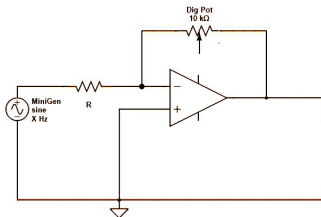
- Raspberry Pi controls Integrated circuit components
- Minigen used to produce frequency
- Digital Potentiometers
 - SPI communications
 - Vary resistance to control amplifier
- Amplifier controls voltage output from circuit

Digital Potentiometer Amplifier Circuit

Properties

- Utilizes digital potentiometer as feedback resistor

$$V_{out} = \frac{-R_F}{R_{IN}} * Minigen_{SIGNAL}$$



Problems

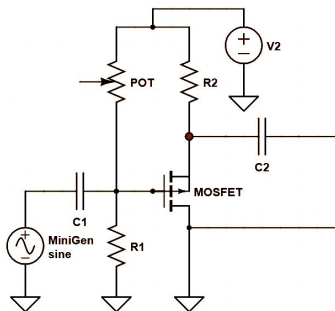
- Distortion of signal
- Very low resistance with AC signal

MOSFET Amplifier

Properties

- Utilizes digital pot in a different way
- Amplification utilizes transistor

- Suggested by Minnetronix
- Distortion of signal remains
- Concluded digital potentiometer is source of problem



Redesign Amplifier

Idea Overview

- Previous problems stem from voltage modification solutions
- Solution: Use integrated circuit component to modify voltage

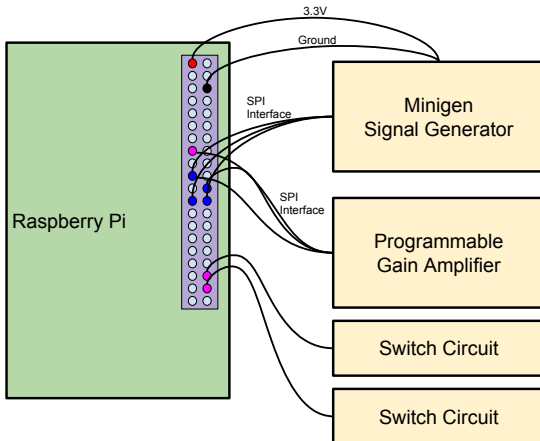
Amplifier Properties

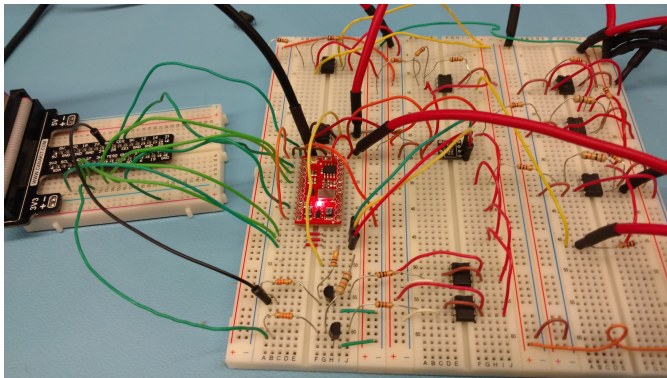
- Three stages of amplification
- One PGA and two stages with constant gain
 - $20V_{pp}$ per stage
 - Summing amplifier sums stages
 - PGA achieves 8 steps within one stage
 - Switches increase output by $20V_{pp}$
- Use transistors as switches flipped using GPIO pins

Configuration

Programmable Gain Amplifier(PGA)

- Three pins encode gain
- 8 Gain Options from 0 to 7

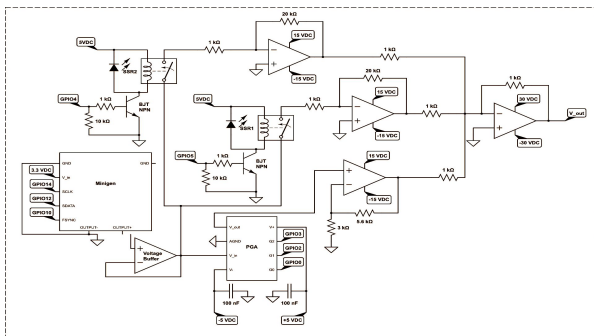




Connections Description

- Raspberry Pi connected to components
- Output of Minigen goes to input of PGA
- All three stages input to summing amplifier

SSR Circuit Implementation



Solid State Relay (SSR)

- Uses LED and photo-resistor to allow current though
- Hoped to fix waveform distortion issues

Problems

Programmable Gain Amplifier(PGA)

- Easy to destroy
- Functionally works well

Transistor Switch Circuit

- BJT Leaks when logically off

Solid State Relay

- Could not function at high enough frequency
- Even moderately high AC signals at input cause output of 0

Overview

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

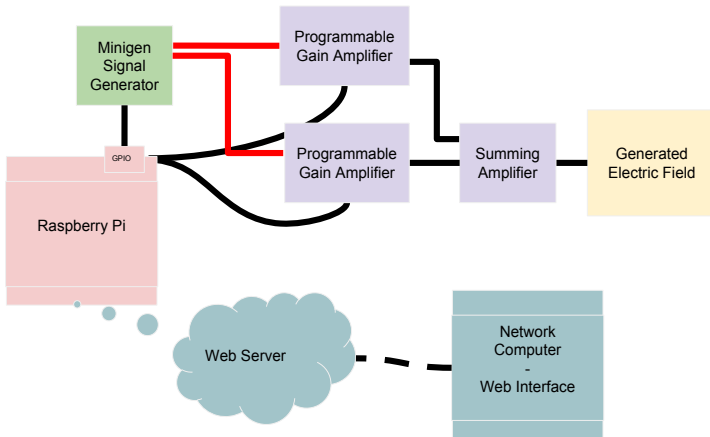
Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

- Raspberry Pi controls integrated circuit components
- Minigen Function Generator
 - SPI communications
 - Produces frequency 10 Khz - 4 Mhz
- Programmable Gain Amplifier(PGA)
 - GPIO communications
 - 8 voltage options (0-7)
- Two-stage amplification
- Summing Amplifier
 - Sums output from amplification stages

Systems Diagram



Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

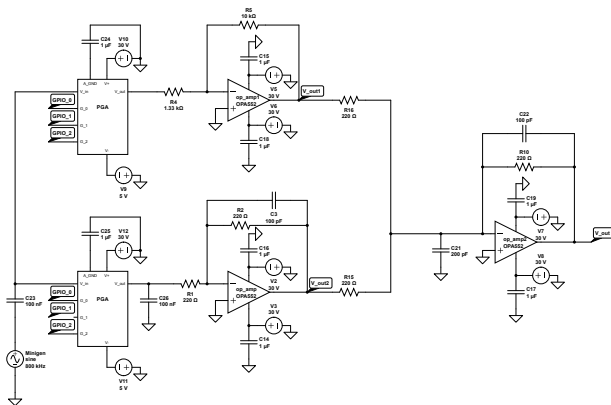
Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

Amplifier Circuit

- Two stages with PGA and constant gain amplifiers
 - Upper stage constant amplifier Gain 7.5
 - Lower stage constant amplifier Gain 1.07
 - PGA's both having variable gain
- Summing amplifier



Physical Implementation

Remotely Connected Electric Field Generator

Timothy Dee,
Justin Long,
Brandon McDonnell

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

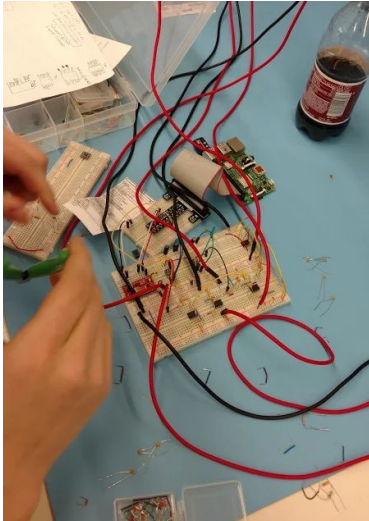
Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions



- Raspberry Pi connected to break-out board
- Break-out board connection GPIO pins to
 - PGA
 - Minigen
- Minigen output to PGA
- PGA output to constant gain amplifier within same stage
- Constant gain amplifiers output to summing amplifier

Web Interface

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components

Software Components

Current State

Questions

- Hosted Locally
- Able to be seen on intranet
- Voltage and Frequency controls
- Provides Additional Functionality

Set Voltage and Frequency

Voltage (V):
Frequency (KHz):

Sine
 Triangle
 Square

Voltage(V)	Frequency(Khz)	Time(minutes)
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>

Software Components

Remotely Connected
Electric Field
Generator

Timothy Dee,
Justin Long,
Brandon McDonnell

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

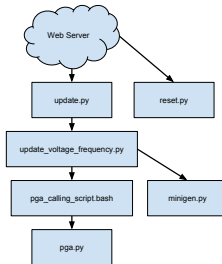
Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions



- Script organization of the Raspberry Pi
- Delegation of Responsibility
- Scripts correspond to hardware components

Current State

Problems

- 1 Current op-amps
 - 1 have insufficient Gain-Bandwidth Product
 - 2 Slew rate too low
- 2 Current draw from Raspberry Pi

Solutions

- 1 An op-amp with necessary specifications exists, 598-1449-ND
- 2 Ensure few additional components connected to the Pi

Cost

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

Itemized Expenditures

Item	Quantity	Price(\$)
Raspberry Pi 3 Kit	1	49.99
Micro SD card	1	9.99
Minigen Function Generator	1	29.95
Op Amps	3	4.41
PGA	2	8.00
Miscellaneous Components	-	10.5
Total	-	112.84

Logistical Setbacks

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

- Lack of manpower
- Loss of a team member at semester break
- Point of contact left company

Questions?

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

Discussion Points

- Dielectrophoresis (DEP)
- Circuit Design
- Digital Potentiometer/ Operation Amplifier
- MOSFET/ Programmable Gain Amplifiers (PGA)
- Web Interface
- Final Documentation

Work Breakdown

Dielectrophoresis

Project Overview

Initial Implementation

Design
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 1

Design
Implementation and
Problems

Intermediate
Implementation 2

Design
Implementation
Problems

Final Design

Hardware Components
Software Components

Current State

Questions

Items

- Initial Planning
- Project Website
- Reports and documentation
- Circuit Design
- Web Server
- SOC Communications
- PCB Design